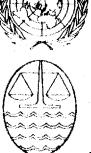


## Approved For Release 2001/12/05 : CIA-RDP82S00697R000300060005-6 UNITED NATIONS





# THIRD CONFERENCE ON THE LAW OF THE SEA

Distr.

A/CONF.62/C.3/L.4 23 July 1974

ORIGINAL: ENGLISH

Third Committee

Greece: draft articles on the enforcement of the provisions of the protection of the parine environment

ENFORCEMENT '

### A. On pollution from land-based sources

### Article 1

Regulations adopted in accordance with the provisions of this Convention for the protection and preservation of the marine environment from land-based sources of pollution shall be enforced by the State within the territory which is the source of pollution.

B. On pollution from the exploration and exploitation of the sea-bed

### Article 2

Regulations adopted in accordance with the provisions of this Convention for the protection and preservation of the marine environment from pollution arising from the exploration and exploitation of the sea-bed shall be enforced by the coastal State within the areas under its national jurisdiction and by the flag State.

### C. On pollution from dumping at sea

### Article 3

Regulations adopted in accordance with the provisions of this Convention for the protection and preservation of the marine environment from dumping at sea shall be enforced:

- (a) by any State within its territory;
- (b) by the flag State on vessels and aircraft registered in its territory or flying its flag;

C-0504

· . . .

A/CONF.62/C.3/LApproved For Release 2001/12/05 : CIA-RDP82S00697R000300060005-6 English

- (c) by the coastal State on vessels and aircraft engaged in dumping within areas under its national jurisdiction;
- (d) by the port State on vessels and aircraft loading in its ports or offshore terminals matter which is to be dumped.

### D. On pollution from ships

### Article 4 - Primary obligation

- (1) Regulations adopted in accordance with the provisions of this Convention for the protection and preservation of the marine environment from pollution from ships shall be primarily enforced by the flag State which has a right and obligation to this effect.
- (2) At the documented request of any State the flag State has an obligation to institute proceedings against the owner or master of any ship registered within its territory or flying its flag for the alleged violation of such regulations and inform the requesting State of the action taken upon such request.
- (3) After appropriate inspection the flag State has the obligation to issue a certificate that a ship registered in its territory or flying its flag complies with the regulations referred to in paragraph (1) of this article. Such a certificate duly issued under the authority of a Party to this Convention shall be accepted by other Parties as having the same validity as a certificate issued by them.

### Article 5 - Inspection

- (1) The flag State has the right and the obligation to inspect ships registered in its territory or flying its flag anywhere at such regular intervals as provided for by regulations adopted in accordance with this Convention and at any other time when deemed appropriate.
- (2) The coastal State has within areas under its national jurisdiction the right to inspect a ship registered in the territory or flying the flag of another State where serious pollution has been caused by such ship in the above areas.
- (3) The port State has the right to inspect any ship while in its ports or at its offshore terminals.
- (4) The periodical inspection by the flag State shall, and any other inspection by such State may, refer to the actual condition of the ship. Inspection by coastal or port State shall be limited to verifying that there is on board a valid certificate unless there are clear grounds that the condition of the ship does not correspond substantially with the particulars in that certificate.

/...

### Approved For Release 2001/12/05 : CIA-RDP82S00697R000 \$660 6666 66 3/L.4 English

Page 3

### Article 6 - Proceedings

- (1) Where a violation of regulations concerning discharge of pollutants at sea is committed by a ship within the internal waters or the territorial sea of a contracting State proceedings against such ship may be instituted by the flag State, the coastal State or, at their documented request, by any port State.
- (2) Where a violation of regulations concerning discharge of pollutants at sea is committed by a ship within the economic zone of a contracting State, proceedings shall be instituted by the flag State on the documented request of the coastal State within the economic zone in which the violation occurred. If no action is taken by the flag State within six months from the receipt of such request proceedings shall be instituted by the coastal State or, at its documented request, by any port State.
- (3) Where a violation of regulations concerning discharge of pollutants at sea is committed by a ship in the area beyond the limits of national jurisdiction proceedings shall be instituted by the flag State on its initiative or at the documented request of any contracting State.
- (4) Where a violation of regulations concerning ship design, construction, equipment, manning or any matter other than discharge has been committed by a ship, proceedings shall be instituted by the flag State on its initiative or at the documented request of any contracting State within the area of national jurisdiction in which such violation resulted in pollution or serious danger of such pollution.

### Non-duplication of proceedings

### Article 7

Where proceedings have been initiated by a contracting State against a ship in accordance with preceding articles 2, 3 or 6, no other contracting State shall start proceedings against the same ship for the same violation.

### F. Enforcement of sentences

### Article 8

Where a sentence is issued in accordance with the provisions of articles 2, 3 or 6 it shall be enforced by any port State at the request of the State the appropriate authorities of which issued such sentence.

### G. Undue delay to ships

### Article 9

(1) In the exercise of rights and obligations under articles 2, 3 and 6 of this Convention all possible efforts shall be made to avoid undue detention or delay of a ship.

/...

#### Approved For Release 2001/12/05: CIA-RDP82S00697R000300060005-6

A/CONF.62/C.3/L.4 English Page 4

- (2) A ship shall be entitled to compensation for any loss or damage suffered from undue detention or delay under articles 2, 3, 5, 6 or 8 of this Convention or caused by other wrongful application of this Convention.
- (3) The owner of such ship may bring an action for damages before the courts of the State liable under paragraph 2 above or, in case such State is not the flag State, initiate the proceedings provided for in articles .......... of this Convention for the settlement of disputes.